

New Ventures B.C. Presentation

Ralph Turfus

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"Assessing the Opportunity"

1. Your Go To Market Strategy

- Explain clearly in business terms what you do!
- Explain how and why you will WIN!

2. Your Market Opportunity

- Is it realistic?
- Is it worthwhile?
- 3. You as an Entrepreneur?



Ralph Turfus Background

- Education BASc, MASc and MBA
- Ex ROTP and Canadian Air Force Officer 7 years
- 28 + Years as Founder and CEO
 - Escom (founded 1976) and Class (name change from Escom in 2000)
 - A number of strategy shifts & 4 recessions ; 8 startups & & sold 5 companies
 - 100% internally financed 1 shareholder
- Class status when sold in 2004
 - #1 in the market for Parks & Recreation solutions, Y's, Continuing Ed, University Student Recreation, Government CRM
 - 730 customers in Canada, USA, NZ and Aus
 - 145 employees (25 in India); ~\$20M in Revenue; ~18% EBITDA; 25% per annum growth rate; 1+ office location
- Current Tech Industry Involvement
 - Associations Premiers Technology Council, AceTech
 - Investor started investing in 2002: 22 direct and 7 Funds
 - Board 6 companies; CEO Mentor 3 companies
 - Recognition
 - 2000 Canadian Recreation Association Person of the Year
 - 2006 B.C. Technology Industry Person of the Year
 - 2009 AceTech Fellow Growth Strategy Program
 - 2013 Queen's Diamond Jubilee Medal Technology industry contributions



Investments & Board Positions

Maturity Stage of the 12 remaining Investments.

Idea – 1 Discover Technology Works – 1 Discover Product–Market Fit – 4 Discover Business Model – 1 Growth - 5

6 Boards

- Stage
- 1. Klinch Technologies
- 2. Redlen Technologies
- 3. Mazza Innovations
- 4. Rewardstream
- 5. Navarik Software
- 6. Endurance Wind Power

Idea Technology Product-Market Product-Market

Product-Market Growth Bitcoin; Financial Services Specialty Semiconductors Extracts for Food Products & Drugs Customer Acquisition using Social Networks Big Data for the Oil Industry Distributed Wind Energy Systems



The Purpose of Business – Dr. Peter Drucker

"If we want to know what a business is, we have to start with its purpose. And the purpose must lie outside the business itself. In fact, it must lie in society, since a business enterprise is an organ of society. There is only one valid definition of **BUSINESS PURPOSE: TO CREATE A CUSTOMER**. The customer is a foundation of a business and keeps it in existence. The customer alone gives employment. And it is to supply the customer that society entrusts wealth-producing resources to the business enterprise".

Because it is the purpose to create a customer, any business enterprise has two – and only two – basic functions: **MARKETING & INNOVATION.** These are the entrepreneurial functions. **MARKETING** is the distinguishing, the unique function of the business.

Action Point: Find out what needs your customers want fulfilled today. Determine how well your products are meeting the needs of your customers.

THAT IS THE PURPOSE OF BUSINESS!!

The Six T's

ACETECH

Theme – what is the problem that you are going to solve. It's got to be very crisp; no more that a paragraph.

Team – Who's going to lead us into the promised land? Who has the domain experience, ethics, charisma? Do you have an 'unfair advantage'?

Terrain – The lay of the land. Who are the competitors? The dynamic buyers and sellers? Government regulations or pretty open? Lots of noise in the target market?

Technology – What property is unique to you? It is usually algorithms or patents or such?

Timing – Why is now the time? How will you go to market?

Terms – How much do you want for the 1st stage? What milestones will you use? How will you spend the funds?







"Assessing the Opportunity"

1. Your Go To Market Strategy:

- Explain clearly in business terms what you do!
- Explain how and why you will WIN!



Key Concepts

PAIN / NEED: What a motivated Buyer must have in order for the buying process to start

VALUE / BENEFIT: What you must have to cause the Buyer to consider your Solution

DIFFERENTIATION: What the Buyer agrees that you do better than the Competition

1st Precisely define the PAIN / NEED



2nd Deliver the VALUE / BENEFIT to solve the PAIN / NEED



3rd Win with your DIFFERENTIATOR



Elements of a Positioning Statement

1- For 2- Who need V	Specific Customer you could sell to in a key segment? Your sandbox? Ideal Target Customer is? Needs/Pains/Hurts! Compelling reason to buy! Vhat Problem is being solved or new opportunity addressed?
3- Product X is	The product Category is?
4- That provides	Key Benefit that addresses the compelling reason to buy?
5- Unlike competition A, B,	C Competitor product categories & leaders?
6- Our product	Key competitive Differentiation?
7- Company also provides	What else is needed for a Whole Product? Partners provide?



Positioning Statement: Who need – the PAIN



KEY CONCEPT For -

- Define precisely your Target Market BUYER
- Who Need -

Define precisely the BUYER PAIN / NEED you address intuitively defines the BUYER Demand



Positioning Statement: Neoteric

FOR: blood bank departments in hospitals

WHO NEED: to lower costs by reducing blood wastage & transfusion labour NEOTERIC IS:

THAT PROVIDES:

UNLIKE COMPETITORS:

OUR PRODUCT:

COMPANY ALSO PROVIDES:



Positioning Statement: FitBrains

FOR: females age 35 to 55 in North America

WHO NEED: to maintain their brain acuity in an effective and efficient way FITBRAINS IS:

THAT PROVIDES:

UNLIKE COMPETITORS:

OUR PRODUCT:

FITBRAINS ALSO PROVIDES:



Elements of a Positioning Statement

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Exercise

Exercise #1

ACETECH

~ 10 minutes

You create your first version of:

Line 1 - Who is the Target Customer?

Line 2 - What is the PAIN that the Target Customer wants solved?

What Good Looks Like!

Target Market - a clear definition of the typical buyer. **Pain / Need**- a precise statement of the Pain / Gain and why. This should convey a big OUCH!



Sales Primer

KEY CONCEPTS

Discussion of Feature Benefit Value & Your Value

You Win When equation

Examples of Benefits – Logical / Emotional

Roles in the Buying Process

How a Buyer decides

Connecting Features, Benefits, Price, Value in your Minimum Viable Product (MVP)

Differentiation

ACETECH

Your Value

Feature, Benefit and Value Definitions:

- Feature What your product does
- Benefit The gain that the Buyer derives from your Feature Measurable and/or Tangible – Logical (IQ) Hard to Measure and/or Intangible – Emotional (EQ)
- Value The Net Benefit, which includes all the costs that the Buyer incurs
- Costs Includes all Buyer costs including your Price





You WIN when:

Your Company Benefits

Costs

= Your VALUE

The Competition Benefits -

Costs

= Their VALUE

Your Company's VALUE

>>

Competitor's VALUE

AND the Buyer AGREES



How a Buyer decides

Your Product's Value outweighs all other choices. The Value is **provable using**: 1. A Return on Investment Calculation (ROI) Logical / 2. A Reference (if you have one) Data You Create Trust & Belief in You and an **Emotional connection to your Product:** You will deliver the proposed solution Emotional / Your solution meets the **Buyer's** People **Emotional Needs** the best Decision Making process by the Buyer – in descending order of strength: 1st, **Best Value + Best Differentiation –** its an easy decision! 2nd, Lowest Price then 3rd, Lowest Risk

The Prospective Customer decides that they will **BUY from YOU** because:



Examples of Benefits for a Customer - Logical

LOGICAL / TANGIBLE

- 1. Financial Changes
 - Increase Revenues
 - Increase Profits
 - Decrease Cost
- 2. Operational Efficiency
 - Productivity increase
- 3. Risk Management think "insurance"
 - Reduction/Mitigation
 - Safety
 - Reputation



Examples of Benefits for a Customer - Emotional

EMOTIONAL / INTANGIBLE

- 1. Corporate Satisfaction Increase
 - Customer
 - Employee
- 2. Personal Satisfaction Increase
 - Ability to save Time
 - Immediacy now; faster and better
 - Convenience it is easy
 - Comfort e.g. have a choice of ads in or out
 - Desirability due to scarcity
 - Belonging exclusivity; special club
 - Connecting creating & maintaining relationships
 - Health and well being
 - Success & status
 - Entertainment fun
 - Creative learning



MVP - Connecting Feature(s), Benefit(s), Price & Value





'Roles' in the Buying Process

Economic Buyer - can say Yes or No

- The Role that causes funds to transfer to you
- Concerned about Price and best Value / ROI
- Generally the final Decision Maker

User Buyer – can say Yes or No

- The Role that represents the use of your Solution and how well it will meet the Needs of the Users
- Concerned about the feature content and fit will it really solve the PAIN the best?

Technical Buyer – can only say No

• Support Roles for the decision maker(s) – Legal, Purchasing, Finance, IT



Elements of a Positioning Statement

2- Who need	Specific Customer you could sell to in a key segment? Your sandbox? Target customer is? Needs/Pains/Hurts! Compelling reason to buy! Problem is being solved or new opportunity addressed?
3- Product X is	The product Category is?
4- That provides Key	Benefit that addresses the compelling reason to buy?
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Positioning Statement: Product X is

CATEGORY & POSITIONING



Words that define how Customers will find YOU

KEY CONCEPT - **Product X is**

Define your 'sandbox'; connect the BUYER to YOU

Make it is easy for a potential Buyer to **find** you and understand what you do 1st page in a Google search is the objective

Another Positioning approach – 'we are like ABC Product only different and better because....'



Positioning Statement: That provides

Your RESCUE for the HURT/PAIN of the CUSTOMER



The Quantity, Quality and Timing of VALUE Gained by the Target Market/Customer from YOU



Positioning Statement: Neoteric

FOR: blood bank departments in hospitals

WHO NEED: to lower costs by reducing blood wastage & transfusion

NEOTERIC IS: a blood transfusion management hardware and software solution

THAT PROVIDES: controlled access storage so that unused blood allocated to operations can be returned to the central storage, eliminating wastage

UNLIKE COMPETITORS:

OUR PRODUCT:

COMPANY ALSO PROVIDES:



Positioning Statement: FitBrains

FOR: females age 35 to 55 in North America

WHO NEED: to maintain their brain acuity in an effective and efficient way

- **FITBRAINS IS**: a scientifically proven brain training system delivered using both SaaS and Mobile platforms
- **THAT PROVIDES**: a suite of challenging casual games that exercise all five main areas of the brain helping to provide a healthy life style

UNLIKE COMPETITORS:

OUR PRODUCT:

FITBRAINS ALSO PROVIDES:



Elements of a Positioning Statement

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Exercise

Exercise #2

ACETECH

~ 10 minutes

You create the first version of:

- Line 3 What is the Category that your product fits into?
- Line 4 What is the Value (Benefits) that you provide?

What Good Looks Like!

Category – the customer can use a Google search criteria to describe your Product and then find you

Benefit – a clear statement of what the Benefit is that the Buyer is receiving. This Benefit statement ties directly to solving the PAIN!



Elements of a Positioning Statement

1- For 2- Who need	Specific Customer you could sell to in a key segment? Your sandbox? Ideal Target Customer is? Needs/Pains/Hurts! Compelling reason to buy! What Problem is being solved or new opportunity addressed?
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How you WIN using Differentiation!!

KEY CONCEPT

Our Product

Your Differentiation provides the Buyer the extra VALUE & Wow that causes you to WIN

Two types of Differentiation

Me too only better! Only me (exclusive)!!

WHAT GOOD LOOKS LIKE for the BUYER

Unlike Competition – You understand your key Competitors selling strategiesOur Product –Your Differentiators are the BEST and needed by the BUYER



Smartphone Positioning Statement

1- For	People who are mobile
2- Who need	To stay constantly connected
3- Product X is	An All in 1 device for email, phone, internet access and apps
4- That provides	Real time access to the World
5- Unlike competit	tion A, B, C RIM, Apple and Google (Android)
6- Our product is	
	RIM – secure data communication Apple – highly useable and 'cool'
	Google – ubiquitous (available 'everywhere')



Positioning Statement: Neoteric

FOR: blood bank departments in hospitals

WHO NEED: to lower costs by reducing blood wastage & transfusion labour

NEOTERIC IS: a blood transfusion management hardware and software solution

THAT PROVIDES: controlled access blood storage so that unused blood allocated to operations can be returned to the central storage, eliminating wastage

UNLIKE COMPETITORS: such as paper based systems and manual methods

OUR PRODUCT: eliminates deaths from blood mismatching using barcode confirmation

COMPANY ALSO PROVIDES: full implementation and support services; solution updates; customer conferences



Positioning Statement: FitBrains

FOR: females age 35 to 55 in North America

WHO NEED: to maintain their brain acuity in an effective way

FITBRAINS IS: a scientifically proven brain training technique using SaaS and Mobile platforms

THAT PROVIDES: a suite of online casual games that exercise all five main areas of the brain helping to provide a healthy life style

UNLIKE COMPETITORS: such as Lumous Labs

OUR PRODUCT: is mobile, fun, social and as competitive as you wish, motivating users to keep coming back

FITBRAINS ALSO PROVIDES: a range of research papers on brain fitness, constant product innovation through new product updates


Elements of a Positioning Statement

1- For 2- Who need	Specific Customer you could sell to in a key segment? Your sandbox? Target customer is? Needs/Pains/Hurts! Compelling reason to buy! What Problem is being solved or new opportunity addressed?				
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Exercise

Exercise #3

ACETECH

~ 10 minutes

You create the first version of:

Line 5 - Who are the top 1 or 2 Competitors?

Line 6 - What is your Differentiator for each Competitor?

What Good Looks Like!

Competitors – the top 1 or 2 are identified **Differentiator** – compare to each competitor, what is the WOW factor that you provide. BEST = the overall VALUE increases to Win!



Why the Positioning Statement is Important!

Various Perspectives

Staff – involved; empowered; aligned

Investors – confidence; committed

Customers – involved; they want your product to be the best

Risk Mitigation – enough of 'think 1st, then do'; minimize retrys

You – focused; confident about doing the right things, right; Winning



Summary

You now have a Hypotheses for a Positioning Statement and are ready to determine the FACTS by talking to representatives in the Target Market!!

Doing the Positioning Statement sets you up for Success by requiring you to think about and decide how and why you are going to WIN and making the BEST CHOICES!

You now have a **17 Second Pitch** to tell others concisely what you do!

Doing the Positioning Statement provides you and those around you **CONFIDENCE** that you are **doing the Right thing, RIGHT**.



"Assessing the Opportunity"

2. Your Market Opportunity

- Is it realistic?
- Is it worthwhile?



Is this a Worthwhile Opportunity?

KEY CONCEPTS

How **Big** can this Opportunity become?

How much of this Opportunity do you think you can WIN in the next few years?

You will spend 5 to 10 years of your life pursing this Opportunity should you decide to commit to it – is this Opportunity Worthwhile enough to make this commitment?



What is your Market Size?



Total Market



Your Opportunity – How big is it?

How **BIG** can this **Opportunity** get?

Total Market – if ALL Buyers bought at your Target Price

– Revenue = Your Target Price X ALL Units

Total Addressable Market – the Market that you can realistically sell into?

– Revenue = Likely Price X Likely # of Units

Year 1, 2, 3 – Expected Market Results for the first 3 years?

- Revenue = Year 1, 2, 3 – Price Expected X # of Units per Year

Is this a Worthwhile Opportunity for you?



Your Opportunity

Measure	# of Units	X Price per Unit	=	Total Revenue
Total Market				
Total Addressable Market (TAM)				
Year 1 Revenue				
Year 2 Revenue				
Year 3 Revenue				

Exercise

Exercise #4

ACETECH

~ 10 minutes

You create the first version of:

- Your Opportunity Expectations in \$\$
- Your Total Addressable Market
- Your Years 1,2,3 Revenue expectations

What Good Looks Like!

- Opportunity Expectations good market size; beachhead strategy defined; large room to expand
- Unfair Advantage you have leverage to get you started such as domain experience



"Assessing the Opportunity"

3. You as an Entrepreneur?



You as an Entrepreneur

Ralph's Personal Experience & Thoughts – "control of my destiny"

Boss Choices - there wasn't a boss I thought I could work for and learn lots. I was not employable long term. Instant set up for disaster to work for anyone.

Risk Taker & Like Challenges – athletics, tough university education courses. Did not look for the easy way. Deep end of the pool; sink or swim. Good dose of personal confidence, but not arrogance.

Financial Rewards – Financial rewards came but they were not the primary focus.

Like Creating & Seeing Customers smile – enjoy creating something new and seeing the satisfaction that customers derive AND telling you.

Unfair Advantage - MBA helped for business fundamentals and savvy. Technical education helped a lot – tough to BS.



You as an Entrepreneur

Ralph's Investor Criteria – its all about the people!

PASSION - About being an Entrepreneur & for the Opportunity!!

ADAPTABILITY – Pivoting will happen!!

JUDGMENT – Separating Facts from Noise; Decision Making; Focusing

EXPERIENCE - Experience in the domain and / or in business helps a lot!!

GETS RESULTS – Consistently delivers more than expected with limited resources!

Summary

ACETECH

Walk in the shoes of a Customer, always! Think HURT & RESCUE!

Find clear and big PAIN / GAIN, deliver Value and Win with your Differentiator!

Ensure that your Opportunity is worthwhile pursuing!

Decide if you want to be an entrepreneur – a typical opportunity will take 5 to 10 years of your life!

It is an absolute BLAST for the right type of person!!

BEST of LUCK!!



Wrap Up Thought

"WITHOUT EXCEPTION, ALL OF MY BIGGEST MISTAKES OCCURRED BECAUSE I MOVED TOO SLOWLY"

John Chambers – CEO, Cisco

